Lavender Varieties

True Lavender (Lavandula Angustifolia Aub Sp. Angustifolia)

It is the longest cultivated lavender species and is native to the Mediterranean region. It can be found as high as 1700 m above the sea level. The flowering shoots of true lavender as 0.20-0.40 cm long and are single stalked. The greyish green felty pubescent leaves are 30-50 mm long. The essential oil contents is 0.5-0.1%.

Spike Lavender (L. latifolia)

It is native to the Mediterranean region and grows at 200-700m above the sea level.

Lavandin (L. Intermedia (Syn. L. Hybrida)

It is a spontaneous hybrid of true lavender and spike lavender. It can be found frequently at heights of 700-1000m above the sea level. It is a shrub, which reaches a height of 0.8-0.1m and in natural condition it has a hemi-spherical shape. The spikes of lavendin may grow to 0.6-0.9m and generally it is branched. The leaves are linear or thin, lanceolate, opposite and bright green in colour without pubescent. The essential oil contents is 0.9-3.0%.

Sher-e-kashmir (Lavandula Officinalis)

A superior clone with about 100% higher oil yields than the Karlovo strain, which was released by CIMAP, Lucknow.